Addressograph

**Checklist for the de-isolation of ward-based previous COVID positive patients**

This checklist is based on PHE guidance and agreed by our local Infection Control Lead

For suspected or confirmed COVID-19 patients who require hospitalisation, IPC measures should continue until 14 days after their first positive SARS-CoV-2 PCR test. After this, a patient may be de-isolated provided the clinical improvement criteria below have been met.

Patients who are severely immunocompromised are at higher risk of ongoing infectiousness and therefore require a negative PCR test and to meet clinical improvement criteria before de-isolation (this includes patients who have received Tociluzimab or who are on ≥40mg Prednisolone or equivalent).

A cough or a loss of, or change in, normal sense of smell or taste (anosmia), may persist in some individuals for several weeks, and is not considered an indication of ongoing infection when other symptoms have resolved.

**Date of the first positive SARS-CoV-2 PCR:** ………………………………………..

**14 days have elapsed:** **Y / N**

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| **Immunocompetent patients****Clinical improvement criteria**:· Clinical improvement with at least some respiratory recovery **Y / N**· Absence of fever (> 37.8°C) for 48 hours without the use of medication **Y / N**  |

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| **Immunocompromised patients****One negative PCR**\* **Y / N** dated: ……………………AND**Clinical improvement criteria**:· Clinical improvement with at least some respiratory recovery **Y / N**· Absence of fever (> 37.8°C) for 48 hours without the use of medication **Y / N**  |

**All the above criteria MUST be satisfied for a patient to be de-isolated.**

To be signed by an Medical Consultant or their deputy

Signed: Print Name: Date: